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Becky Frankiewicz

President & Chief Strategy Officer. ManpowerGroup

Bridging the Divide: From Talent Management to Human Potential

The advance of Al means every company is transforming to survive and thrive. Yet perhaps contrary to popular belief - digital transformation is less about technology and more about people. The ability to adapt to an even more digital future depends on developing the next generation of skills, closing the gap between talent supply and demand, and future-proofing your own and others' potential.

Understanding what people want from work and helping them to develop their skills throughout long working lives has never been more critical. That's why I am so pleased to share our latest Global Talent Barometer, offering workers the opportunity to share how they are feeling about the

world of work today and tomorrow. It also gives employers much needed insight to understand employee needs and identify best practices that stand out in this competitive global talent market.

Our data continues to confirm that people expect work to offer them more.

More balance. More flexibility. More humanity. And importantly – more development.

Yet one in three workers say they don't have enough opportunities to achieve their career goals at their current employer. Regular skill-building opportunities don't just create capability – they signal organizational commitment to people's futures.

As talent shortages continue to grow and technology accelerates, the ability to unleash potential and build talent mobility is key to business growth. The Global Talent Barometer shows that leading organizations are designing workflows that build resilience rather than deplete it and involving employees as partners rather than shielding them from business realities. It is now up to us to listen, to partner, and to act, and this data helps us do just that.

Thank you for joining us as we shape the future of work by putting people at the center of everything we do.



François Lançon Regional President, APME ManpowerGroup

A Message from Our Regional President, APME

Across APME, the pace of transformation is accelerating—driven by AI, automation, and evolving expectations around work. Industries are being reshaped, and organizations are navigating new realities. Amidst the excitement around Al and emerging tech, it's important to remember that digital transformation is not just about technology, it's about people.

The true differentiator in this new era will be how well we invest in people—how we develop critical skills, unlock potential, and create meaningful career pathways that are inclusive, future-focused, and sustainable.

Our latest Global Talent Barometer offers a timely look at how workers across the region are feeling. While confidence in the

future remains strong, job satisfaction is not keeping pace. Notably, almost a third of workers say they lack opportunities for advancement within their current organizations. This is sending a clear signal: people are looking for more than just a paycheck. They want flexibility, balance, growth, and a sense of purpose. They want to feel supported and empowered to shape their own futures.

When development is prioritized, people tend to feel more engaged, more resilient, and more committed. And when organizations actively support career progression and well-being, they don't just retain talent; they unlock performance, innovation, and long-term value.

In a region as diverse, dynamic, and fast-moving as APME, the connection between individual growth and organizational success is both a challenge and an opportunity. The **Global Talent Barometer shows that** organizations that will lead are those that treat talent as a strategic advantage—designing work that builds capability, fosters adaptability, and puts people at the center of transformation.

These insights call us to listen more closely, act more decisively, and lead more humanely. Because the future of work in APME will be shaped not just by the technologies we embrace, but by the people we choose to empower.

APME Talent Barometer Methodology

The ManpowerGroup Global **Talent Barometer measures** worker well-being, job satisfaction, and confidence around the world. This comprehensive tool leverages independent survey bestpractices and statistically significant samples to create a powerful tool to better understand what workers want globally. The research aims to improve the future of work through deeper understanding of the key drivers of workforce sentiment today.



Fieldwork Conducted:

March 14 – April 11, 2025

19 Countries Surveyed:

Australia, Canada, France, Germany, India, Israel, Italy, Japan, Malaysia, Mexico, The Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom (U.K.), and the United States (U.S.).

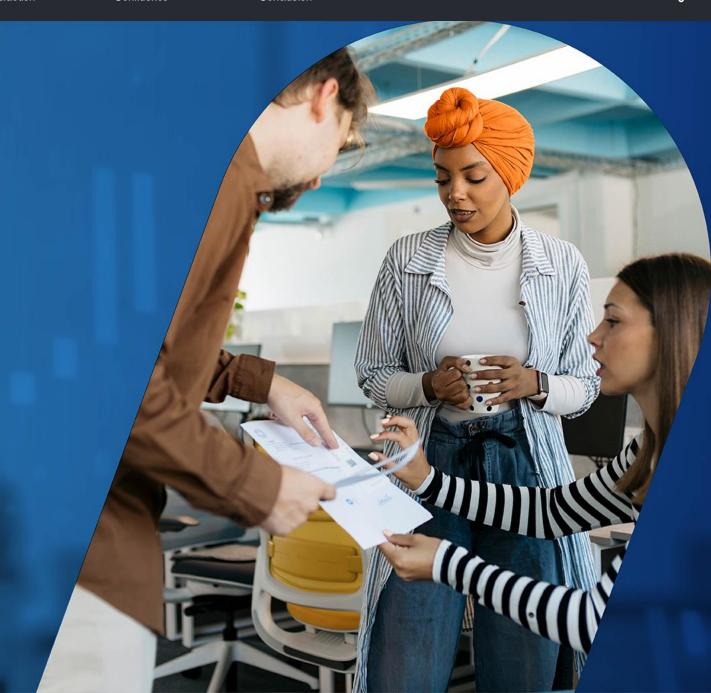
Survey Methodology:

Survey responses were collected from 13,771 workers, including 3,536 in Asia Pacific and Middle East (APME). All the data is weighted to match the worker population in each country by gender, age and region, and all countries are weighted to be equal.

Modified Question Wording:

Edits have been made to question text throughout this report to ensure readability. Complete versions of any shortened statements can be found in the 'About the Survey' section at the end of the report.

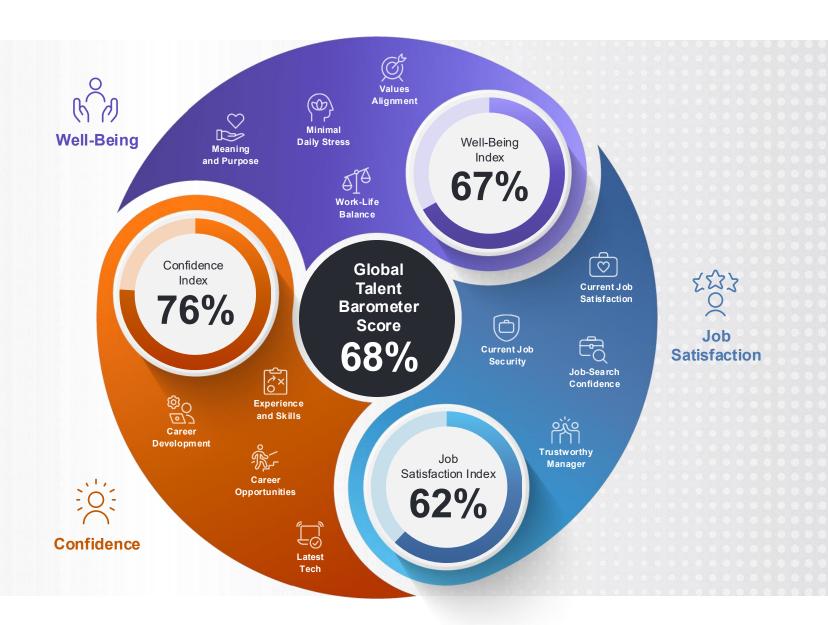




Global Key Findings

Now in its second installment, the Global
Talent Barometer – reflecting worker
sentiments across three indices
comprised of twelve distinct benchmarks
– stands at 68%. Despite a decline in job
satisfaction, the data reveals a notable rise in
workers' confidence and overall well-being.

The research reveals what employees need and value most, helping employers understand and act on key drivers to attract and retain top talent in a changing world of work.



Worker Sentiment Around the World



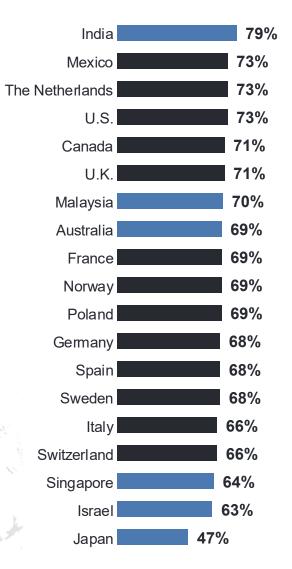
• Workers in **Israel** have lower confidence in their skills and experience to perform their job and are among the least likely to change jobs in the next six months.



Workers in Mexico and India reported the highest levels of meaning and purpose and values alignment.

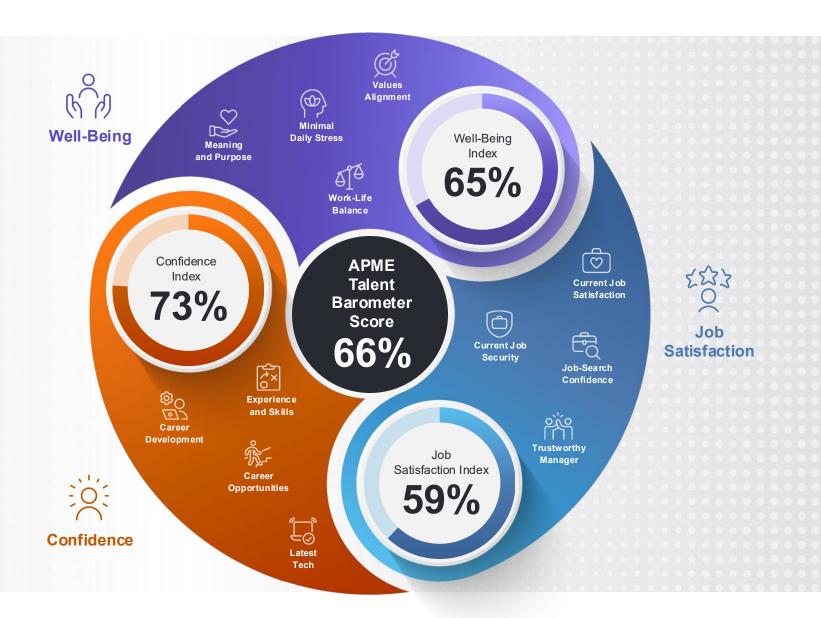


Workers in **India** reported below-average job security and satisfaction, despite being highly confident in their skills and ability to use the latest tech in their industry.



Now in its second installment, the Global Talent Barometer score in APME – reflecting worker sentiments across three indices comprised of twelve distinct benchmarks – stands at 66%.

The research reveals what employees need and value most, helping employers understand and act on key drivers to attract and retain top talent in a changing world of work.



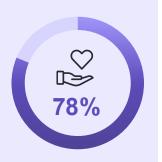
The Stress-Retention Connection

Workplace stress remains high in APME.

Stress levels are similar between all roles, but blue-collar workers reported the most stress.



Despite workers finding their work meaningful and purposeful, half of the workforce in APME continue to experience moderate to high daily stress.





More than half (55%) are concerned about their workload impacting work-life balance.

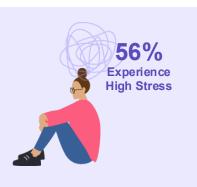
Stress is exacerbated among

Gen Z in APME: They

experience the highest daily

stress levels, despite feeling

\supported.



Gaps in values alignment between essential workers and executive and senior-level management **are considerable**.

Essential Workers 58%

Executive and Senior-Level Management

85%



Stuck in the Middle

Younger workers report lower job satisfaction in APME.

Gen Z workers in APME reported the lowest job satisfaction (37%) compared to other generations.

> Gen Z Women

Rank lowest on the Job Satisfaction Index



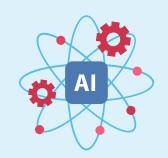
37% of managers are bracing for possible job loss in the coming 6 months.



Even under pressure and uncertainty, managers continue to build trust. Nearly 7 of 10 workers now believe their managers have their backs.



Most managers (82%) feel their careers are at risk. primarily due to economic instability, restructuring, and AI.



Location signals job satisfaction as workers who are onsite without choice are less likely to leave in six months compared to their fully or mostly remote counterparts.



Onsite Without Choice

63%

Fully or Mostly Remote

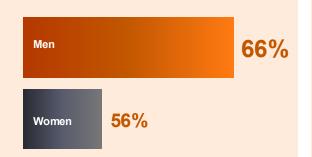
37%

Employees in APME benefit from improved career pathing and development.

Hybrid workers in APME lead in career confidence, topping all four benchmarks.



Gender inequality persists in 2025, with women reporting fewer career moves and promotions.



APME Workers in

Financials and Real

Estate report the

highest career growth

and opportunities.



Worker confidence in **India** is **strongest** across all four benchmark, **regionally and globally (93%).**

73% (APME Average)

76% (Global Average)



Executive and senior managers have been the **most active** in skills training or pursuing further education over the past 6 months.







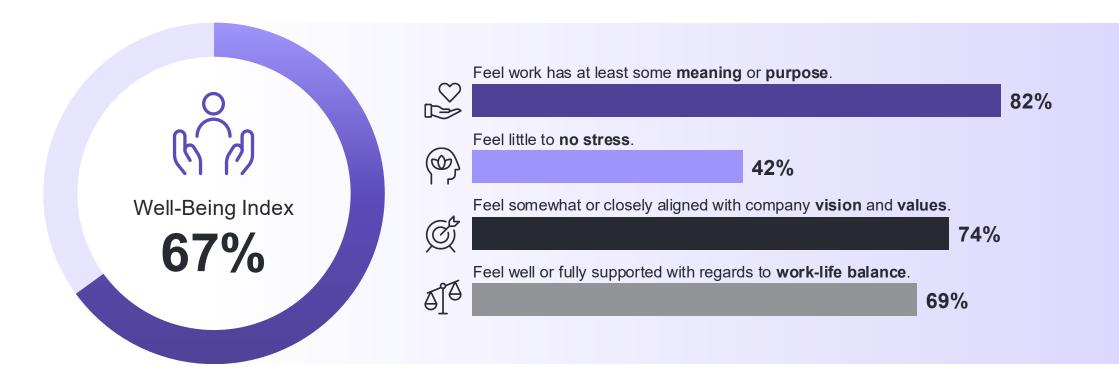
Introducti

Better Work-Life Balance Boosts Well-Being

The Well-Being Index is based on four distinct benchmarks:

Key Findings

meaning and purpose, minimal daily stress, values alignment, and work-life balance.



The Well-Being Index an average of the above percentages. Learn more about the Methodology



Well-Being

Job Satisfaction

Confidence

15

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Better Work-Life Balance Boosts Well-Being (APME)

The Well-Being Index is based on four distinct benchmarks:

Key Findings

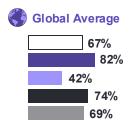
meaning and purpose, minimal daily stress, values alignment, and work-life balance.

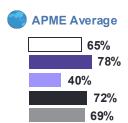


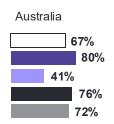
The Well-Being Index an average of the above percentages. Learn more about the Methodology.

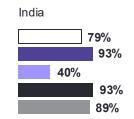
Country-Level Perspectives in APME

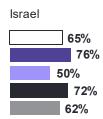
Examine how well-being varies from nation to nation and its driving factors.

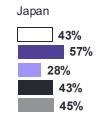


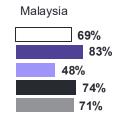


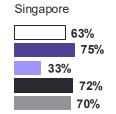














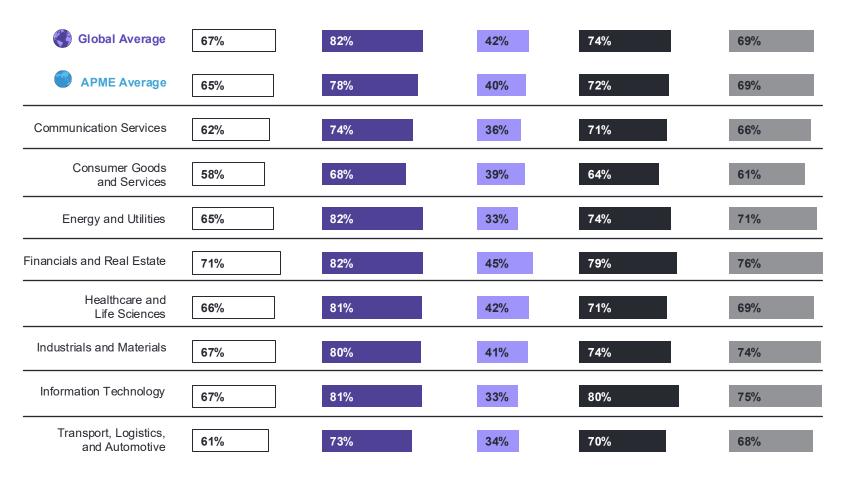
Workers in India reported the highest overall well-being, driven by meaningful work and values alignment.



Japanese workers were the most likely to report high daily stress, followed by Singapore and India.

Industry Insights in APME

Explore how well-being differs across key industry verticals.

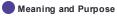




Financials & Real Estate workers reported the greatest overall well-being.

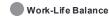


Energy & Utilities and IT workers were the most likely to report moderate to high daily levels of workplace stress.



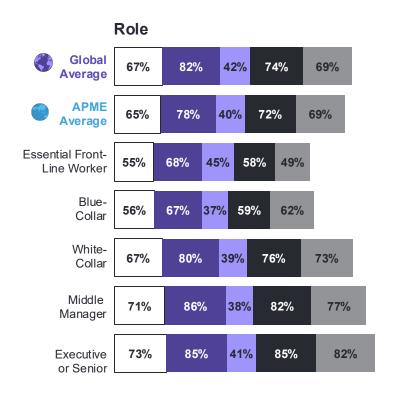


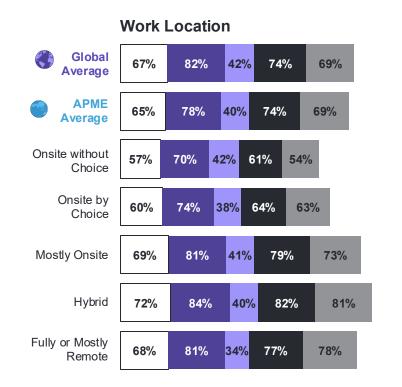




Role and Location Trends in APME

Uncover the connection between job roles, work locations and overall well-being.







18

Essential front-line and blue-collar workers reported the lowest overall Well-Being across roles and locations.



Gap in values
alignment between
essential workers
and executive and
senior management
was considerable.

Well-Being Index

Meaning and Purpose

Age-Gender Dynamics in APME

Examine well-being differences and similarities by age group and gender.

Minimal Daily Stress



Values Alignment

Work-Life Balance



Gen Z succeeded in demanding work-life support, but stress levels were stubbornly high.



The gender gap in work-life balance was the greatest between Gen Z men and women.







Job Satisfaction

faction Confidence

Confidence

____ Introduction

Less Job Satisfaction and Security, More Trust in Managers

The Job Satisfaction Index is based on four distinct benchmarks:

current job satisfaction, job security, job-search confidence, and manager trust.

Well-Being





Job Satisfaction

Confidence

Less Job Satisfaction and Security, More Trust in Managers (APME)

The Job Satisfaction Index is based on four distinct benchmarks:

current job satisfaction, job security, job-search confidence, and manager trust.

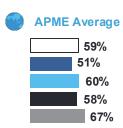
Well-Being

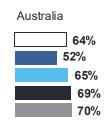


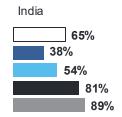
Country-Level Perspectives in APME

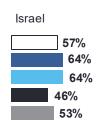
Explore how job satisfaction differs across countries.

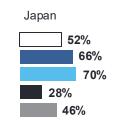


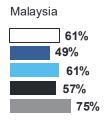


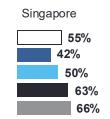














While India topped the charts for most aspects of work, they ranked the lowest for job security and satisfaction, along with Singapore.



Japanese workers
thought they were
unlikely to be forced
out of their job in the
next six months, while
ranking below average
on all other factors.

Industry Insights in APME

Examine sector-specific trends in worker job satisfaction.

Global Average	62%	55%	65%	61%	67%
APME Average	59%	51%	60%	58%	67%
Communication Services	56%	47%	62%	48%	67%
Consumer Goods and Services	59%	56%	67%	52%	61%
Energy and Utilities	59%	48%	47%	71%	72%
Financials and Real Estate	62%	46%	59%	68%	74%
Healthcare and Life Sciences	61%	55%	64%	58%	67%
Industrials and Materials	61%	52%	63%	60%	71%
Information Technology	59%	39%	51%	70%	75%
Transport, Logistics, and Automotive	55%	42%	49%	59%	70%
Job Satisfaction Index C	urrent Job Satisfaction	Current Job Security	Job-Search Confidence	Trustworthy Manager	

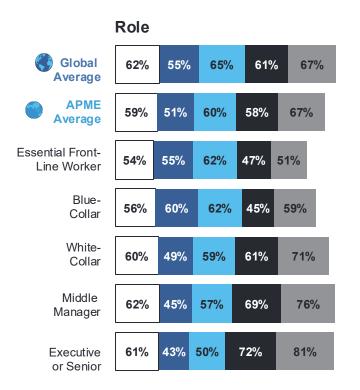


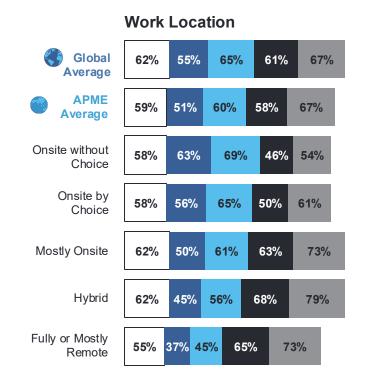
Energy and Utilities workers felt the least secure in their jobs while reporting the highest jobsearch confidence.



Managers were reportedly the least trustworthy in **Consumer Goods** and Services.

Examine how job roles and working locations shape employee satisfaction.







Blue-collar and
essential frontline
workers felt the most
secure in their jobs,
while executive or
senior-level roles
were the least secure.



Workers who are onsite were more likely to be satisfied with their jobs compared to workers who are fully or mostly remote.

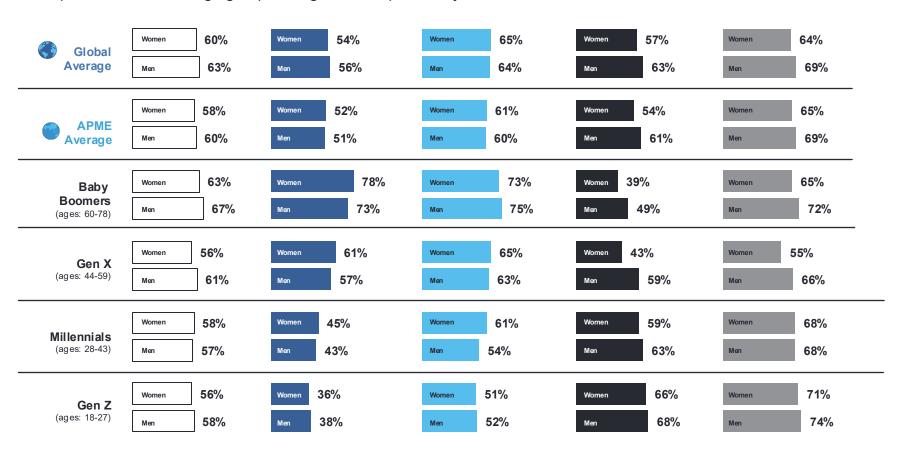
Job Satisfaction Index

Current Job Satisfaction

Trustworthy Manager

Age-Gender Dynamics in APME

Explore how different age groups and genders experience job satisfaction.



Job-Search Confidence

Current Job Security



Gen Z workers were
the most likely to
say they want to
voluntarily leave
their current
employer, while also
feeling the least
secure in their jobs.



Gen X reported the greatest gender discrepancy in jobsearch confidence.





Rising Confidence and Career Growth

The Confidence Index is based on four distinct benchmarks:

career development, career opportunities, experience and skills, and tech and tools.



The Confidence Index is the an average of the above percentages. Learn more about the Methodology.

Confidence

Rising Confidence and Career Growth (APME)

The Confidence Index is based on four distinct benchmarks:

Key Findings

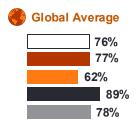
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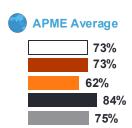


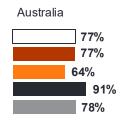
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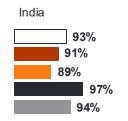
Country-Level Perspectives

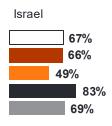
Examine how worker confidence is experienced around the globe.

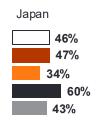


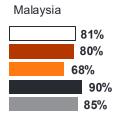


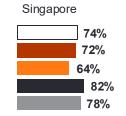














India reported the best overall workforce confidence, with strong worker sentiment the strongest across all four benchmarks.





Japan and
Israel reported belowaverage confidence
in using their
industry's latest tech
and tools.

Industry Insights in APME

Understand how sector-specific factors influence worker confidence.

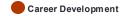




Consumer Goods and Services reported the lowest confidence, especially when it comes to career development and opportunities.



Financials and Real Estate workers reported the best career development opportunities, along with one of the highest levels of skills confidence.



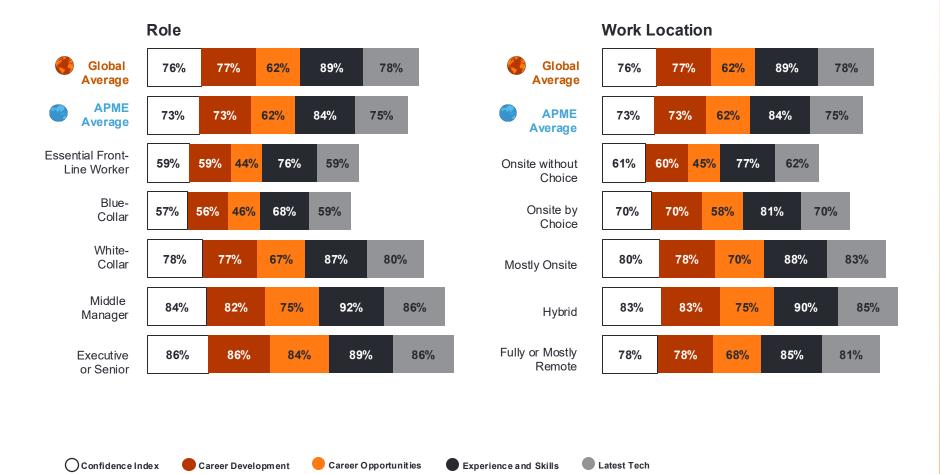






Role and Location Trends in APME

Analyze how different roles and work settings influence employee confidence.





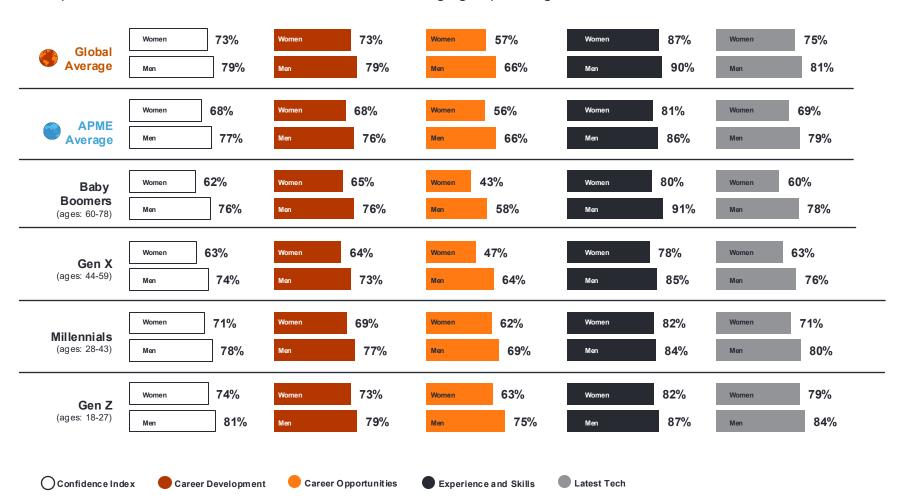
Essential front-line
workers and those who
were onsite without
choice reported the
lowest career
opportunities.



Hybrid workers
expressed the highest
confidence in all
areas: experience and
skills, tech and tools,
career development,
and opportunities.

Age-Gender Dynamics in APME

Explore how worker confidence varies across different age groups and genders.





Gender inequalities persisted, but Millenials and Gen Z workers reported the smallest gender differences across all confidence benchmarks.



Gen X reported the greatest gender discrepancy in career opportunities.



Opportunities for Employers



Meaningful work can't outrun burnout.



While workers in APME find purpose in their jobs, persistent daily stress — especially among Gen Z and blue-collar workers remains high. This will increase costs as it begins to impact productivity and retention.

Conservative global estimates for the cost of poor retention are \$18,591 per employee that leaves the organization. These costs will quickly add up for underperforming organizations as they lose their top performers.

Meeting workers in the middle.



As job security concerns grow and job satisfaction becomes a challenge in APME, mid-career professionals, especially women, represent a critical yet underutilized talent pool. Employers looking to stabilize their workforce should prioritize this group with clear career paths, recognition, and support.

Recent research estimates organizations that prioritize manager development and engagement are already realizing productivity improvements of up to 28%.

Capitalize on confidence.



Despite growing uncertainty, workers in APME narrowing the gap in career confidence compared to the global average. As organizations look to retain essential talent, it's imperative to focus on key factors within their control that are driving these positive sentiments.

Continue strengthening and fostering trust between managers and employees, promoting work-life balance, and providing transparency regarding opportunities for professional development and advancement within the company.

About the Survey

Forward-Looking Statements:

This report contains forward-looking statements, including statements regarding labor demand in certain regions, countries and industries, economic uncertainty, and the use and impact of Al. Actual events or results may differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements, due to risk, uncertainties and assumptions. These factors include those found in the Company's reports filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), including the information under the heading "Risk Factors" in its Annual Report on Form10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, whose information is incorporated herein by reference. ManpowerGroup disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking or other statements in this release, except as required by law.

Survey Methodology:

Survey responses were collected from 13,771 workers across 19 countries from March 14 to April 11, 2025. All the data is weighted to match the worker population in each country by gender, age and region, and all countries are weighted to be equal.



Minimal Daily Stress:

Percentage of workers who rate their stress levels as 'little' to 'no stress' using a 10-point scale.

Meaning and Purpose:

Percentage of workers who rate their work is being either 'somewhat' or 'very meaningful" using a 10-point scale.

Values Alignment:

Percentage of workers who rate their alignment with their employer's values as "somewhat" or "closely aligned" using a 10point scale.

· Work-life Balance:

Percentage of workers who rate their company's support for worklife balance and personal wellbeing as "well" or "completely supported" using a 10-point scale.

Well-Being Index:

The Well-Being Index an average of the above percentages.



Current Job Satisfaction: Percentage of workers who agree

they are "very unlikely" or "unlikely" to change jobs on their own initiative, using a 10-point scale.

Current Job Security:

Percentage of workers who agree they are "very unlikely" or "unlikely" to be forced to leave their current job, using a 10-point scale.

Job-Search Confidence:

Percentage of workers who agree they're "very confident" or "confident" they could find another job that meets their needs, using a 10-point scale.

Trustworthy Manager:

Percentage of workers who agree they "trust very much" or "somewhat trust" that their manager has their best interests at heart concerning their career development, based on a 10-point scale.

Job Satisfaction Index:

The Job Satisfaction Index an average of the above percentages.



Experience and Skills:

Percentage of workers who agree they are "very confident" or "confident" they have the skills and experience to perform their current job, using a 10-point scale.

Career Development:

Percentage of workers who agree they "very much so" or "do" have enough opportunities to gain the skills and experience they need to achieve their career goals at their current organization, using a 10-point scale.

· Career Opportunities:

Percentage of workers who agree they "very much so" or "do" have enough opportunities for promotion or movement within their organization to achieve their career goals, using a 10-point scale.

· Latest Tech:

Percentage of workers who agree they are "very confident" or "confident" in using the latest technology available in their industry, based on a 10-point scale.

· Confidence Index:

The Confidence Index is the an average of the above percentages. Introduction

Key Findings

Well-Being

Job Satisfaction

Confidence

ManpowerGroup Solutions Across the Entire HR Lifecycle



Workforce Management



Talent Resourcing



Career **Management**



Top Talent Attraction



Strategic Workforce Planning



Workforce Consulting and Analytics









Visit <u>www.manpowergroup.com</u> to learn more.